United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

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71.					
1. Nam	e				
historic	Persinger House	#	3-18		
and/or common	Persinger House				
2. Loca	ition				
street & number	Route 788		I	N/A not for publication	
city, town	Covington	N/Avicinity of	congressional district	6th (M. Caldwell Butle	
state	Virginia code	51 county	Alleghany	code 005	
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty			
name	Mr. and Mrs. Calvin	P. Wright			
street & number	Merry Go Round Far	m			
city, town	Covington	N/A vicinity of	state	Virginia 24426	
5. Loca	tion of Lega	l Descriptio	on .		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Alle	ghany County Courth	nouse		
street & number		N/A			
city, town	Covington		state	Virginia	
	esentation i	n Existing S	Surveys	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4:41-	Historic Landmarks	has this pro	perty been determined e	legible? yes _X_ no	
date 1977, 3	_		federal <u>X</u> sta	ate county local	
depository for su	rvey records Virginia	Historic Landmarks	s Commission, 221	Governor Street	
city, town Ric	chmond		state	Virginia 23219	

Description Condition Check one Check one X unaltered X original site _ excellent deteriorated N/A X good altered ruins _ moved date _ __ fair unexposed

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Persinger House is scenically sited on the bank of Potts Creek among the mountains of Alleghany County. The house is located several miles south of Covington, off State Route 788. The original portion of the house is log, built in the last quarter of the 18th century. The three-bay structure was enlarged in 1888 so that its present form is a two-story, six-bay, single-pile house with a gable roof covered with standing-seam sheet metal. Fronting the entire main (south) facade is a two-level gallery supported by chamfered posts. The gallery is decorated with simple cut-out friezes and a Chinese lattice railing on the second level. The house is set on a low, stone foundation and has stone exterior end chimneys. During this century, a kitchen outbuilding was connected to the house by a hyphen. The kitchen also has a stone chimney, but the stack is of brick. The house is presently covered with weatherboards; some old beaded weatherboards remain under the gallery and on the west end.

In its original form, the Persinger House had a hall-parlor plan. The main entrance is still into the former hall. The entrance has a replacement door and a plain architrave. The windows throughout the main part of the house have 6/6 sash which are also set in plain architraves. The entrance into the 1888 section has a multi-paned transom and sidelights and a paneled door. The first story of the rear is sheltered by a screened porch. A board-and-batten springhouse projects off the kitchen.

In what was the original hall is an ambitious, but provincial, Federal mantel of carved walnut (now painted). The mantel is decorated with various types of panels and a deeply molded shelf. Skirting three walls of the room is a plain paneled wainscot. The wall opposite the mantel is a vertically paneled walnut (painted) partition with beveled joints, a most unusual treatment of this type of partition. The door in the partition is hung on HL hinges. The windows in the original section appear to have been lengthened when the house was enlarged. The remaining room or "parlor" in the original section has had its north end partitioned off for a bathroom.

In the 1888 section is a plain, single-run stair with square balusters and an open stringer. Beyond the stair hall is a room now used as a bedroom. It is embellished with plain paneled wainscoting and a naive Federal-style mantel.

The house is maintained in good condition as rental property. A late 19th-century barn stands near the house.

RCC/CL

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The nominated property consists of three acres. This acreage includes the main house and a barn to the east of the house. It is a fraction of the 283-acre tract recorded in the Botetourt County land tax books as Jacob Persinger's property in 1782 and recorded in the Alleghany County will books as inherited by John Persinger in 1841. The land is presently subdivided and used partially for mobile homes; hence, the nomination of only three acres.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699X_ 1700-1799X_ 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iterature Indicator Iterature Indicator Iterature Indicator Iterature	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X other (specify) Folklore
Specific dates	last quarter 18th century: 1888 addition	Builder/Architect unk	nown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Persinger House is one of the oldest and best known of Alleghany County's pioneer dwellings. The house is significant for its associations with its builder, Jacob Persinger, a member of an early settler family who as a child was captured by the Indians and later adopted an Indian life style. The various stories arising from the event as well as from Persinger's later life have become part of the folklore of the region. Architecturally, the house is an interesting vernacular structure. The original log section was built in the last quarter of the 18th century and was expanded to its present form around 1888. A vertically paneled partition wall in the log section is distinct for its use of beveled joints, a feature rarely seen in the trim of simple log houses of western Virginia.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The Persinger family is among the oldest in the Valley. Jacob Persinger, Sr., (1716-1789) came to Pennsylvania from Switzerland in 1735. He arrived in western Virginia with his wife and family about 1750. During that decade, the dangers to settlers in the Valley were great, due primarily to the outbreak of the French and Indian War. By 1756 the General Assembly had ordered the establishment of a chain of forts through the Valley frontier, starting at a point seven miles below Warm Springs in Bath County on Jackson's River. It is thought that Persinger settled near the head of Roaring Run where he built a grist mill later known as Rook's Mill. He served with Dickinson's Rangers in 1757, the year of the reputed kidnapping of his wife and son by Indians. The tale of Persinger's son, Jacob Jr., has become a part of the folklore of the Valley. While many stories both real and fictitious are told of the courage and resourcefulness of the settlers against the Indians, Persinger's story seems unique. Not only does the tale deal with the boy's captivity but also with his subsequent search for his identity after his return to civilization.

According to the Jacob Persinger legend, during Jacob Sr.'s absence in 1757, an Indian war party came to Roaring Run and took Rebecca Persinger and her son prisoners. One version of the event states: "A group of pursuers followed a trail left by Rebecca by tearing off bits of clothing and leaving them hanging on bushes along the way...the trail was lost at Paint Bank and Rebecca was never heard from again..."

The story continues:

In 1763 as a result of the Treaty of Paris, Chief Cornstalk of the Shawnees was required to give up his prisoners in an exchange that took place near Iron Gate, Va. Jacob Persinger Sr. claimed the 10 year old boy and gave him the name Jacob, Jr. The young boy did not like the ways of the white man and ran away to return to the Indians several times, only to be returned upon orders of the chief. Jacob Jr. doubted that he was the son of Jacob Sr.²

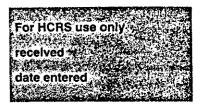
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city or town	Richmond	I			state	Virginia	23219	
12. St	ate Hi	storic	Prese	rvatio	n O	fficer	Certification	
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National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Persinger House, Alleghany County, Virginia

Continuation sheet #1 Item number 8,9



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8. SIGNIFICANCE

As in all the different versions of the story, Persinger's life with the Shawnee became embellished through its telling from generation to generation. All stories agree that he wanted to remain with his captors and preferred Indian ways throughout his life. In this vein the tale continues, "In 1778 he married Mary Kimberlin. She refused to live in his teepee so he built her what was reported to have been one of the finest farm houses in the county." 3

Persinger served in the Revolution and is listed as a corporal in the Virginia Militia. According to tradition, Persinger was a farmer but preferred hunting and fishing to the agrarian life. He died in 1841, leaving his son John, "the whole of my estate both real and personal except as hereinafter named..." John died tragically in 1842, killed by a slave, "Blue", who became the first person to be executed legally in Alleghany County. Lee Persinger, Jacob's great nephew, became the sole owner of the 283-acre property in 1858.

As originally constructed, the Persinger House was built of log. The mantel in the earliest (west) parlor was added at a later date, ca. 1820. The screen of vertical panels is presumably original. In 1888 Lee Persinger enlarged the house by an addition to the east, when the present weatherboards and two-level porch were also added. The house remained in the ownership of descendants of the builder until the 1970s. It was purchased in 1977 by Calvin Wright, a great, great, great nephew of Jacob Persinger.

VDS/RCC

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Pritts, Joseph, compiler. Mirror of Olden Time Border Life, also History of Virginia to which are added Personal Narratives. Abingdon, Virginia, 1849.

Richmond, Va. Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Archives, Alleghany County, Persinger House, File # 03-18. Howard Humphries, "The Persingers of Alleghany County, Va. 1750-1965." "Jacob Persinger," unpublished letter.

Thwaites, Reuben Gold, ed. Chronicles of Border Warfare with reflections, anecdotes, etc. by Alexander Scott Withers. Cincinnati: The Robert Clarke Co., 1895 (originally published 1831).

¹Howard Humphries, "The Persingers of Alleghany County, Va. 1750-1965." Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission files, unpublished manuscript.

²Ibid.

 $^{^3}$ "Jacob Persinger", unpublished letter, Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission files. 4 Alleghany County Will Book 1, p. 113.

